NSW Department of Education

Overview

Albury North Public School is committed to explicitly teaching and modelling positive behaviour and to supporting all students to be engaged with their learning.

Our goal is to inspire every child to participate positively in the school community and beyond. We focus on promoting excellence, opportunity and success for every student, every day. We value and strive to develop safe, respectful learners in a caring learning community.

Principles of positive behaviour support, trauma-informed practice, inclusive practice, and social emotional learning underpin our daily practice. High expectations for student behaviour are established and maintained through effective role modelling, explicit teaching, and planned responses.

To achieve our mission, key programs prioritised and valued by the school community are:

PEACE Wellbeing Program

Promotes student wellbeing through proactive strategies that support emotional resilience and positive relationships.

Culture of Inclusion Initiatives

- Hands of Help: Building relationships and identifying safe people. Opportunities for mentoring across stages for students. Encouraging acts of kindness and support within the school.
- Harmony and NAIDOC Week Celebrations: Fostering cultural awareness and inclusivity.
- Friday Friends: Building connections and a sense of belonging.

External Student Wellbeing Programs

- Grow Your Mind: Enhancing mental health and resilience.
- PAX Good Behaviour: Strengthening self-regulation and promotes positive interactions.
- Zones of Regulation: Teaching students to identify and manage their emotions, sensory needs, and behaviours effectively.

Bullying Prevention

- Active participation in the *Bullying No Way* initiative to create a safe and respectful school environment (https://bullyingnoway.gov.au).
- <u>Restorative Practices</u>
 Focused on repairing relationships and fostering accountability through respectful dialogue.

These programs prioritise social and emotional learning which supports good mental health, positive relationships and supports prevention of bullying.

Albury North Public School rejects all forms of bullying behaviours, including online (or cyber) bullying by maintaining a commitment to providing a safe, inclusive, and respectful learning community that promotes student wellbeing. Staff are committed to establishing evidence-based approaches and strategies that promote a positive climate where bullying is less likely to occur.

All members of the school community are active participants in building a welcoming school culture that values diversity and fosters positive relationships. A key component of a supportive school culture is building respectful relationships and an ethos that bullying is not accepted, in both online and offline environments. School staff actively respond to student bullying behaviour.

Partnership with parents and carers

Albury North Public School will partner with parents and carers to establish shared expectations and collaboratively develop and implement student behaviour management and antibullying strategies by:

Gathering Feedback:

Inviting parent/carer and student feedback through both formal and informal means, including *Tell Them From Me* surveys, school surveys, consultation with the P&C, and engagement with the local AECG.

• Responding to Concerns:

Using concerns raised through complaints procedures to review and refine school systems, practices, and data.

• Enhancing Communication:

Maintaining regular communication with families through newsletters, the school app, and information sessions to ensure they are well-informed about behaviour and antibullying policies.

Collaborative Planning:

Actively involving parents/carers in our P&C committees to co-develop and review strategies and policies.

Engaging in Wellbeing Activities:

Encouraging parent participation in school events and programs such as Harmony Week, NAIDOC Week, and other initiatives that foster positive behaviour and inclusivity.

Providing Resources and Support:

Offering workshops, guides, and one-on-one sessions to help parents/carers understand and support behaviour management and antibullying approaches at home.

Cultural Responsiveness:

Collaborating with the local AECG to ensure culturally inclusive and respectful practices are embedded in strategies.

Albury North Public School will communicate these expectations to parents/carers through the school newsletter and school website. Our school proactively builds collaborative relationships with families and communities to create a shared understanding of how to support student learning, safety and wellbeing.

School-wide values, expectations and rules

Albury North Public School has the following school-wide values, expectations and rules:

	Values
Perseverance	I keep trying even when things are hard. I stay on task, face challenges with a positive attitude, and try new ways to solve problems.
Empathy	I understand how others feel. I think about how my actions affect others and consider their needs and feelings.
Acceptance	I know everyone is different, and that's okay. I am patient, tolerant, and open to other people's ideas and opinions, even if I don't agree.
Collaboration	I work well with others in a group. I listen, share ideas, give and receive feedback, and manage my feelings when learning or playing together.
Effort	I always do my best, even when something is difficult. I stay focused, try hard, and complete my work to the best of my ability.

Behaviour code for students

NSW public schools are committed to providing safe, supportive and responsive learning environments for everyone. We teach and model the behaviours we value in our students.

The Behaviour Code for Students can be found at

https://education.nsw.gov.au/policy-library/policyprocedures/pd-2006-0316/pd-2006-0316-01. This document translated into multiple languages is available here: <u>Behaviour Code for Students</u>.

Whole school approach across the care continuum

Our school embeds student wellbeing, positive behaviour approaches and strategies in practices across the care continuum to promote positive behaviour and respond to behaviours of concern, including bullying and cyber-bullying behaviour.

These approaches and strategies are built on a foundation of evidence-based effective classroom practices that set the tone for engagement with learning and respectful relationships. These practices include:

- stating and explicitly teaching classroom values and expectations
- establishing predictable routines and procedures that are communicated clearly to students
- encouraging expected behaviour with positive feedback and reinforcement
- discouraging inappropriate behaviour
- providing active supervision of students
- maximising opportunities for active engagement with learning
- providing carefully sequenced engaging lessons that provide options for student choice
- differentiating learning content and tasks to meet the needs of all learners.

Care Continuum	Strategy or Program	Details	Audience
Prevention	PAX Good Behaviour Game	PAX Good Behaviour Game (PAX GBG) consists of evidence-based strategies used daily by teachers to teach self-regulation, reduce impulsivity, increase focus and strengthen peer networks.	MC Students
Prevention	Grow Your Mind	Students Enhancing mental health and resilience.	
Prevention	National Week of Action (NWA)	Our school participates in the annual National Week of Action against Bullying and Violence (NWA) in August each year.	
Prevention	Child protection	Teaching child protection education is a mandatory part of the syllabus.	Students K - 6
Prevention	Restorative Practice	3 hr MyPL designed to provide a foundational understanding of whole school teaching and learning approaches that encourage supportive and respectful behaviour.	Staff
Prevention	<u>De-escalation of</u> <u>student Behaviour</u>	5 hr MyPL course provides a comprehensive guide to understanding, preventing and responding to escalated student behaviour.	Staff
Prevention / Early Intervention / Targeted / Individual	Australian eSafety Commissioner Toolkit for Schools to prevent and respond to cyberbullying	The toolkit resources are categorised into four elements: Prepare, Engage, Educate and Respond. The resources are used to engage with the school community about creating and maintaining safe online environments to prevent cyberbullying incidents. The toolkit includes actions to report and manage cyberbullying incidents.	All
Early Intervention	Peaceful kids	Small group intervention to support and increase the coping strategies of students who are feeling anxious, stressed or who have poor resilience in a small group environment at school.	Individual students K - 6
Targeted / Individual intervention	Learning and Support	The LST works with teachers, students and families to support students who require personalised learning and support.	All
Targeted / Individual intervention	Zones of Regulation / Refocus Zone	Teaching students to identify and manage their emotions, sensory needs, and behaviours effectively. See Appendix 3: Refocus Zone	Individual students K - 6, parent, carer, LAST, AP
Targeted / individual intervention	Attendance support	The LST refer students to the attendance co-ordinator who will convene a planning meeting with students, families and teachers to address barriers to improved attendance and set growth goals.	Individual students, attendance co-ordinator
Individual intervention	Individual behaviour support planning	This may include developing, implementing, monitoring and reviewing: behaviour support, behaviour response and risk management plans.	Individual students, parent/carer, LAST, AP

Planned responses to positive appropriate behaviour, inappropriate behaviour and behaviours of concern, including bullying and cyber-bullying

Identifying behaviour of concern, including bullying and cyberbullying

A behaviour of concern is challenging, complex or unsafe behaviour that requires more persistent and intensive interventions. A behaviour of concern does not include low-level inappropriate or developmentally appropriate behaviour. Bullying behaviour involves the intentional misuse of power in a relationship, is ongoing and repeated and involves behaviour that can cause harm. **See Appendix 1: Behaviour management flowchart**

Albury North Public-School staff will staff will identify inappropriate behaviour and behaviours of concern, including bullying and cyber-bullying through a range of channels, for example:

- directly observing a student's behaviours, interactions, verbal communications, or work produced (such as written materials, performances or artworks)
- a person disclosing information that is not previously known, either because it is new information or because it has been kept a secret
- concerns raised by a parent, community member or agency.

Students or parents can report bullying to any staff member. NSW public school principals have the authority to take disciplinary action to address student behaviours that occur outside of school hours or school grounds, including cyberbullying. Students who have been bullied will be offered appropriate support, for example through the school counselling service.

Responses to all behaviours of concern apply to student behaviour that occurs:

- at school
- on the way to and from school
- on school-endorsed activities that are off-site
- outside school hours and off school premises where there is a clear and close connection between the school and students' conduct
- when using social media, mobile devices and/or other technology involving another student or staff member.

Preventing and responding to behaviours of concern

Planned responses to behaviour that does not meet school expectations are either teacher or executive managed. Staff use their professional judgement in deciding whether a behaviour is teacher managed or executive managed. They should consider whether the behaviour poses a risk to the safety or wellbeing of the student or others. **See Appendix 2: What do we consider is unsafe?**

- Teacher managed low level inappropriate behaviour is managed by teachers in the classroom and the playground. (Teacher Fix)
- Executive managed behaviour of concern is managed by school executive (Office Fix)
- Corrective responses are recorded on a school used system. These include:

Classroom	Non-classroom setting
rule reminder	rule reminder
• re-direct	• re-direct
offer choice	 offer choice
error correction	 error correction
• prompts	prompts
• reteach	reteach
seat change	 play or playground re-direction
stay in at break to discuss/ complete work	 walk with teacher
refocus zone	 detention, reflection and restorative practices
• conference	 communication with parent/carer.
detention, reflection and restorative practices	
communication with parent/carer.	

Albury North Public School staff model, explicitly teach, recognise and reinforce positive student behaviour and behavioural expectations. Our class and whole school learning programs are centred around the explicit teaching of our PEACE values have a consist of evidence-based strategies used daily by teachers to teach self-regulation, reduce impulsivity, increase focus, and strengthen peer networks.

We acknowledge that not all students are encouraged by the same thing or in the same ways. Younger students may be more motivated by adult attention while older students are typically more motivated by peer attention, activities, privileges, or freedom. When learning new skills, students need immediate and frequent reinforcement and as they develop mastery they respond to intermittent and long-term reinforcement to maintain their social behavioural efforts as well as having student voice as a key in making decisions.

The use of verbal and non-verbal specific positive feedback is the most powerful way to:

- help adults and learners to focus on positive social behaviour
- increase the likelihood that students will use the expected behaviours and skills in the future
- decrease unexpected behaviour and reduce the need for corrective responses
- enhance self-esteem and build an internal focus of control.

Responses to minor inappropriate behaviour are teacher managed.	Responses to behaviours of concern are executive managed
406	
1. Refer to school-wide expectations and/or emotional co/self regulation visuals and/or supports so that the student can self-regulate. These can be found in the refocus zone in each classroom.	1. Contact office to seek help from executive straight away if there is a risk. Complete Unsafe Notification Sheet (see appendix 4). Otherwise notify student's stage supervisor or executive ASAP and before the end of the school day. Teacher enters incident into Behaviour / wellbeing system (Sentral).
2. Use indirect responses including proximity, signals, non-verbal cues, ignore, attend, praise, redirect with specific corrective feedback.	2. Executive/CT to take immediate steps to restore safety and return the situation to calm by using appropriate strategies such as: redirecting to another area or activity, providing reassurance or offering choices. Incident review and planning is scheduled for a later time, determined by the context and nature of the incident.
3. Use direct responses e.g. rule reminder, re-teach, provide choice, scripted interventions, student conference. Students have an opportunity to meet the classroom/playground behaviour expectation before low-level consequence is applied.	3. Executive collects information and reviews the incident from multiple perspectives to determine next steps. Executive to update incident on Behaviour / wellbeing ITD system (Sentral) and will discuss with teacher who will contact parent/carer by email or phone. Executive/principal may consider further action e.g., formal caution or suspension.
4. Teacher records on school used system Behaviour / wellbeing system (Sentral) by the end of the school day. Monitor and inform family if repeated. For some incidents, referral is made to the school's anti-racism contact officer (ARCO) or anti-bullying co-ordinator.	4. Refer to the school's Learning and Support Team considering current and previous behaviour data. Other actions may include completing a risk assessment and/or collaboratively developing a behaviour support/response plan.
Teacher/parent contact	Teacher/parent contact
Teacher contacts parents by phone or email when a range of corrective responses have not been successful. Individual planning and referral to Learning Support Team may be discussed.	Parent/carer contact is made by school executive to discuss any support and behaviour responses, including referral to the LST, school counsellor, outside agencies or Team Around a School.
	student can self-regulate. These can be found in the refocus zone in each classroom. 2. Use indirect responses including proximity, signals, non-verbal cues, ignore, attend, praise, redirect with specific corrective feedback. 3. Use direct responses e.g. rule reminder, re-teach, provide choice, scripted interventions, student conference. Students have an opportunity to meet the classroom/playground behaviour expectation before low-level consequence is applied. 4. Teacher records on school used system Behaviour / wellbeing system (Sentral) by the end of the school day. Monitor and inform family if repeated. For some incidents, referral is made to the school's anti-racism contact officer (ARCO) or anti-bullying co-ordinator. Teacher/parent contact Teacher contacts parents by phone or email when a range of corrective responses have not been successful. Individual planning and referral to Learning Support Team may be

Responses to serious behaviours of concern

Responses for serious behaviours of concern, including students who display bullying behaviour, are recorded on school used system Behaviour / wellbeing ITD system (Sentral). These may include:

- review and document incident
- determine appropriate response/s, including supports for staff or other students impacted
- refer/monitor the student through the school learning and support team
- develop or review individual student support planning, including teaching positive replacement behaviour and making learning and environmental adjustments
- detention, reflection and restorative practices (listed below)
- liaise with <u>Team Around a School</u> for additional support or advice
- communication and collaboration with parents/carers (phone, email, parent portal, meeting)
- formal caution to suspend, suspension or expulsion.

The NSW Department of Education <u>Student Behaviour policy</u> and <u>Suspension and Expulsion Procedures</u> apply to all NSW public schools.

Reporting and recording behaviours of concern

Staff will comply with reporting and responding processes outlined in the:

- Incident Notification and Response policy
- Incident Notification and Response Procedures
- Student Behaviour Policy and Suspension and Expulsion procedures

Students and/or parents/carers can report cyberbullying to the <u>eSafety Commissioner</u> and reporting links for most sites, games and apps can be found at the <u>eSafety</u> Guide.

Detention, reflection and restorative practices

Toilet and food breaks are always included when withdrawal from free choice play at either break is planned as a response to behaviour. The maximum length of time will be appropriate to the age/developmental level of the student.

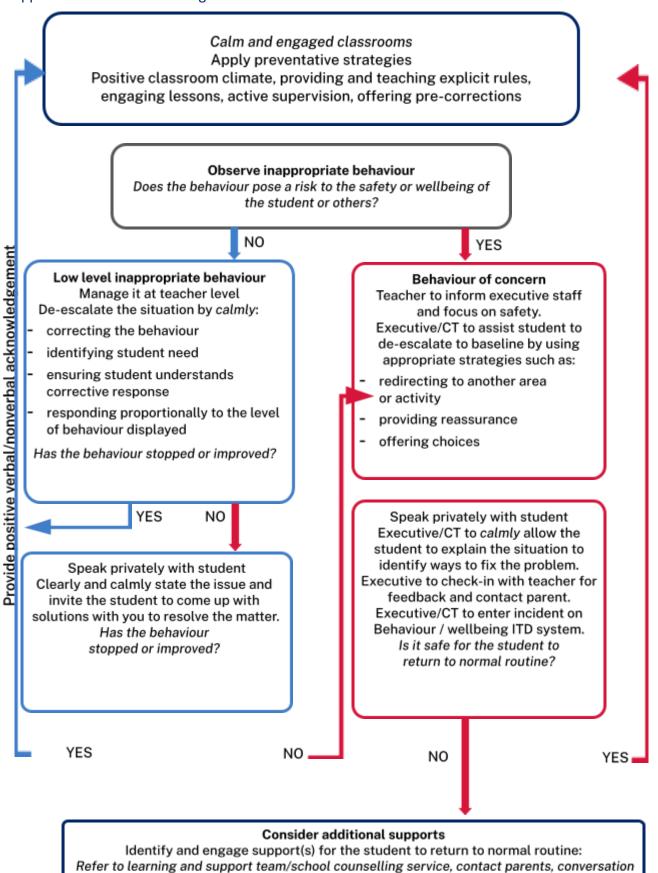
Strategy	When and how long?	Who coordinates?	How are these recorded?
Resetting room - a structured debriefing and planning after a crisis event or behaviour of concern with an individual student. This occurs in an executive office.	Immediate. K-2 children up to 30 minutes. 3-6 children til the end of the session.	Executive	Documented in Sentral and in Detention Book.
Detention room – withdrawal from free choice play and re-allocation to office or classroom for supervision following breach in behaviour.	Next lunch break. K-2 children up to 1 day, 3-6 children up to 3 days.	Executive	Documented in Sentral and in Detention Book.
Reflection room – a restorative structured debriefing and planning after a crisis event or behaviour of concern with an individual student (reflection)	Next lunch break. K-2 children up to 1 day, 3-6 children up to 3 days.	Assistant Principal	Documented in Sentral and in Detention Book.
Alternate play plan – withdrawal from free choice play and re-allocation to office or classroom for supervised play following breach in behaviour. The purpose is to assist the student to achieve the desired behaviour, to reflect on their behaviour and make positive choices – individual or group (detention)	Next break	Assistant Principal	Documented in Sentral and in Detention Book.
Restorative practice – <u>peer mediation</u> or <u>circles</u> in groups	Scheduled for either lunch or recess break	Assistant Principal	Documented in Sentral and in Detention Book.

When responding to incidents of bullying and inappropriate behaviour, the school considers the following to help determine our choice of action. Our whole-school approach to bullying behaviour that depends on: Severity and frequency, Impact on the students involved, Illegality of the bullying behaviour, Persistent or repeated behaviour patterns, Single or group bullying, Provocation on part of the 'victim', Degree of remorse Mediation Willingness, Student age and Capacity of the students involved.

Review dates

Last review date: [6th Feb: Day 1, Term 1, 2025] Next review date: [Feb: Day 1, Term 1, 2026]

Appendix 1: Behaviour management flowchart



with teacher, refer to and/or revise individual student support plans.

Is additional time required for additional **planning** time? If so, refer to the principal for possible suspension. Is a mandatory report required? If so, consult with principal and MRG.

Bullying Response Flowchart

The following flowchart explains the actions Albury North Public School staff will take when they receive a report about student bullying, including bullying which may have occurred online or outside of the school setting. The timeframes will vary depending on the professional judgment of staff who receive the bullying complaint and their assessment of immediate risk to student/s.

First hour: Listen

- Identify bullying behaviour, including cyber-bullying
- •Provide a safe, quiet space to talk and reassure the student that you will listen to them
- ·Let them share their experience and feelings without interruption
- •As a mandatory reporter, if you hold immediate concerns for the student's safety, let the student know how you will address these. Immediate in this circumstance is where the staff member believes the student is likely to experience harm (from others or self) within the next 24 hours.

Day 1: Document

- Ask the student for examples they have of the alleged bullying (e.g. hand written notes or screenshots)
- Write a record of your communication with the student and check with the student to ensure you have the facts correct
- Enter the record in your behaviour / wellbeing ITD system
- ·Notify school executive of incident if required in line with behaviour management flowchart
- ·Notify parent/s that the issue of concern is being investigated

Day 2: Collect

- Gather additional information from other students, staff or family
- Review any previous reports or records for students involved
- ·Make sure you can answer who, what, where, when and how
- ·Clarify information with student and check on their wellbeing

Day 3:

Discuss

- Evaluate the information to determine if it meets the definition of bullying (see above)
- ·Make a time to meet with the student to discuss next steps
- ·Ask the student what they believe will help address the situation
- Engage the student as part of the solution
- Provide the student and parent with information about student support network
- ·Agree to a plan of action and timeline for the student, parent and yourself

Day 4:

- Document the plan of action in your behaviour / wellbeing ITD system
- Complete all actions agreed with student and parent within agreed timeframes
- Monitor student and check in regularly on their wellbeing
- Seek assistance from student support network if needed

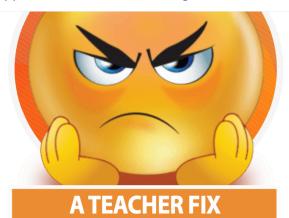
Day 5: Review

- ·Meet with the student to review situation
- Discuss what has changed, improved or worsened
- ·Explore other options for strengthening student wellbeing or safety
- Report back to parent
- Record outcomes in your behaviour / wellbeing ITD system

Ongoing follow-up

- Continue to check in with student on regular basis until concerns have been mitigated
- Record notes of follow-up meetings in your behaviour / wellbeing ITD system
- •Refer matter to the Learning and Support Team within 48 hours if the situation is not resolved
- ·Look for opportunities to improve school wellbeing for all students

Appendix 2: Behaviour management flowchart



Response to all student misbehavour is calm, consistent, brief, immediate, respectful and private.

UNSAFE BEHAVIOUR OR CREATING A RISK TO OTHERS

- Not following teacher instructions
- Walking away from the teacher
- Playing in out of bounds areas
- late to lines



INTERFERING WITH THE LEARNING OF OTHERS

- Calling out, back chatting, yelling in class
- Wandering around the room
- Not completing school work
- Creating unnecessary disctractions



HURTING OTHER PEOPLE

- Pushing, shoving, tripping, pinching
- Rough play
- Touching and/or taking things from others
- Making inappropriate comments or gestures
- Saying unkind things about other people
- Inappropriate verbal language
- Damaging equipment or using it in an unsafe or unhelpful way

UNSAFE BEHAVIOUR

AN OFFICE FIX

If in the **classroom**, the teacher will **dial 100**. If in the **playground**, the teacher will direct the student to the **office**.

STOPPING THE TEACHING AND LEARNING

- Repeatedly ignoring teacher requests / instuctions
- Having a "meltdown"



HURTING OTHER PEOPLE

- Punching, kicking, biting, aggressive behaviour
- Swearing at an adult or child
- Harassing, bullying, or making racist comments
- Cyberbullying

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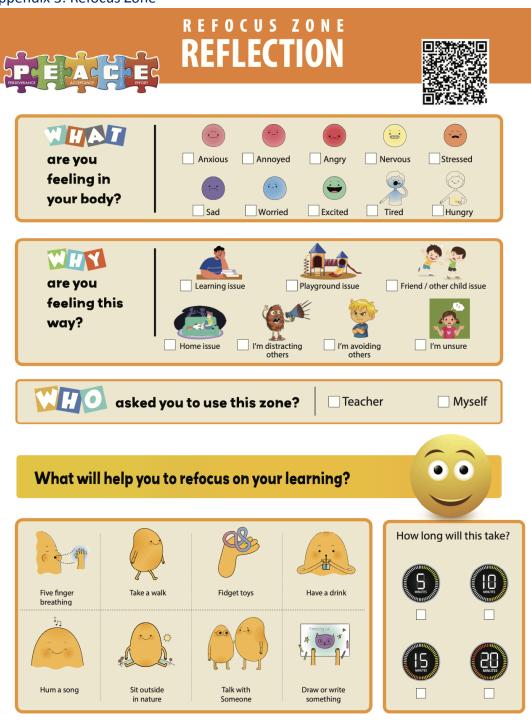
DANGEROUS BEHAVIOUR

- Damaging the classroom / playground
- Deliberate damaging of property (ipads etc)
- Climbing in unsafe areas (trees, buildings, water tank)
- Leaving the classroom without permission
- Leaving the school without permission
- Stealing



When responding to incidents of inappropriate behaviour and implementing the appropriate correction or consequence, staff will consider such things as the age of the children, the severity and frequency of the behaviour, the impact of behaviour on other people, willingness to help fix the problem and the learning needs of the children involved.

Appendix 3: Refocus Zone



Appendix 4: Unsafe Notification Form

UNSAFE BE NOTIFIC	CATION (CATION)			
AN OFFICE FIX				
Why is the child being sent to the office?	Child name: Date: Teacher Name: Time:			
STOPPING THE TEACHING AND LEARNING ☐ Repeatedly ignoring teacher teacher / instructions ☐ Having a "meltdown"	What happened? Provide some detail to explain the problem and then enter details in Sentral			
HURTING OTHER PEOPLE Punching, kicking, biting, aggressive behaviour Swearing at an adult or child Harassing, bullying, or making racist comments Cyber-bullying				
HURTING OTHER PEOPLE Damaging the classroom / playground Deliberate damaging of property (ipads etc) Climbing in unsafe areas (trees, buildings, water tank) Leaving the classroom without permission Leaving the school without permission stealing	☐ Add detail to Sentral			
What does the teacher do now with this noti	fication?			
 Contact the office on phone extension 100 to advise incident or request support. Send the child/ren to the office immediately - do not send this form if the child is agitated. Call phone extension 100 if the child does not want to leave the room. Debrief with the Leadership person at the next available opportunity. Do not go home without a conversation. 				
What is the consequence of the behaviour? (Exec to complete)				
How long is the immediate time out for? Up to 30 minutes (K-2) Up to 60 Mi What is the follow up consequence? Back to class Detention: days				